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Soft copy of passport form

A passport is an easily recognizable travel document that identifies you and entitles you to travel. If you are from the United States, your passport will be a small navy blue brochure that includes your photo, name, date of birth, residence in the United States and lots of blank pages waiting for stamps. Your passport will usually be valid for 10 years. You will generally need to apply for a passport in order to leave and enter the United States from other countries. Whenever you arrive in a new country, you will need to surrender your passport to immigration, which stamps one of your pages with the official seal of your country. It's that simple. So, if you want to take a trip abroad, you have to apply for a passport, and using it overseas is as simple as handing it over to immigration whenever you arrive in a new country. For more information on the application process and where you will need to use your passport, continue reading. You don't have a passport yet? If you're a U.S. citizen, don't panic, because applying for a passport is much easier than you think. This is if your U.S. citizenship is fairly simple and you have access to various forms of identification. What do I mean? Well, if you can submit a U.S. birth certificate, a record of your birth abroad, a naturalization certificate, or a citizenship certificate, you're good to go. You will also need to prove your identity, which can be done using a standard government-issued ID card, such as a driver's license. It will be a little more difficult to apply for a passport, but by no means impossible. If you don't have a birth certificate for any reason, you'll need to spend some time gathering as much evidence of your identity as possible. For a complete list of acceptable forms of identification, how to apply for a delayed birth certificate at the current age and how to use a letter without a record to help you fill out your application, check out our guide on how to get a passport without a birth certificate. Need a passport in a hurry? You can absolutely get one quickly, and you absolutely don't have to pay someone else to do it for you. Note that there are many scammy services that make your money do exactly what you can do yourself—and they will usually be right at the top of google search results pages. You can even get a passport on the same day you applied by rushing your passport application. The government provides a simple way to check the status of your passport application online, which is especially helpful if you have a trip fast approaching and need to get your hands on it before you leave. The answer is a little more complicated than it seems - you don't need a passport to drive to Mexico or Canada, for example, provided you have a PASS card or (if you're living in the right condition) an extended driver's license or a few other forms of acceptable ID. Learn more about where you can visit in the following articles below: Travel is one of the best possible things you can do and going outside your home country is an experience that cannot be imitated or replaced. Travel opens your mind and challenges your perception. It exposes you to the situation and reality of other people, many of whom are far worse than you will ever personally experience. It'll get you out of your comfort zone, which will help you prove to yourself that you're capable of more than you believed. You'll learn how lucky you are to be a U.S. citizen with a U.S. passport, and how it's something other people would die for. In short, if you have money and time, there are very few investments as valuable as travel. So take the passport, buy a plane ticket, and get out there and explore the world. Updated by Lauren Juliff. Thank you for tell us! If you are a US citizen and plan to travel to another country, you will need a passport in most cases. Even for those who do not have travel plans in the near future, the current passport may still be a good fit. For example, you can use it as your primary photo ID if you've set up a driver's license somewhere, or even if you're traveling only domestically. Here's what you need to know if you're looking to apply for a passport. 7 Things you need to have to get a passport for a new passport application, you need to make a trip to a nearby passport acceptance facility. You can search for one in your area here. When you are ready to use it, you will need the following things: 1. Primary identification Most people use a valid driver's license as proof, but other acceptable forms of ID include: Naturalization Certificate City, County, State or Federal Government Id U.S. Army Military or Military Dependent ID Current (Valid) Foreign Passport U.S. Permanent Resident Card (Green Card) Trusted Traveler ID Note that if you present and outside the state ID, you must submit another form of identification. To process the request, you must also provide a copy of the primary identification used (both parties, if possible). 3. Evidence of U.S. citizenship Most applicants use a certified birth certificate as proof of citizenship. Make sure it has an elevated seal. The Office shall not accept as evidence a photocopy or a notarism copy of the birth certificate. If you do not have a certified birth certificate in your possession, please contact your local authority in the area where you were born. You can also provide a naturalization certificate or a citizenship certificate, if this applies to you. 4. Photocopy of U.S. citizenship You must also supply a copy of the proof of citizenship being used. Again, you will need both sides if possible. 5. One passport Photos Photos it is necessary to obtain a passport. Your local drugstore or photo printing lab is likely to take a few bucks. A passport acceptance service is available on site. You can take your own photo, but you need to follow some key instructions to take it. Passport photo requirements: In color Taken within 6 months to reflect your current look Must be a clear image of your face, without photo filter No selfies Plain white or off-white background High resolution Printed on matte or glossy photos quality paper 2 x 2 inches in size so that the head is between 1 and 1 3 / 8 inches (between 25 and 35 mm) from the bottom of the chin to the top of the head. Examples can be found here. Adopted with a neutral facial expression or natural smile and with both eyes open 6. Payment for first-time adult applicants, expect to pay the following for your passport: Passport fee type execution fee for making a passport fee of \$110\$35 Passport Card \$30 \$35 Passport Book plus Passport Card \$140 \$35 For application fee, checks (personal, certified, cashier, travel card) and money orders are accepted, but credit and debit cards are not. A \$35 execution fee is payed separately. All locations take money orders for this fee. Personal checks and an exact change of cash in some places. Postal facilities in the U.S. and some other locations will have a credit card. You should verify acceptable payment methods with the acceptance device in advance. Note that if you pay by check or money card, you will need two of them because you will make two separate payments. 7. DS-11 Passport Application This application can be filled in front online. When finished, print it out and take it with you to the acceptance device. Be sure not to sign this document until the processing agent asks you to do so. How long it takes to obtain a passport Most first time applicants receive their passport by post within 6-8 weeks after submitting all the paperwork. If you're in a hurry, you can request expedited delivery services in as little as 8 business days, but it will cost you more. You can check the status of your passport application online here. More travel stories from Clark.com: SS-5, the application form used to enroll in the U.S. Social Security program, can be a great genealogical resource for learning more about ancestors who died after 1936. Before applying for a copy of your edich's records, you should first find the Social Security death index. Form SS-5 generally contains the following information: Full nameFullname at birth, including birth namePresenting postal address Penultimate birthdayBirth date Place of birth (city, County, State)Father's full nameEnviome, including birth nameGenderRace, as indicated by the applicantWhen the applicant has ever applied for Social Security or rail retirement beforethe current name of the employer and the address Of the Signed Sign-Up Applicator If a person has died, the Social Security Administration will provide a copy of this SS-5 form to anyone who submits an application under the Freedom of Information Act. This form shall also be made public to a live registrant (a person belonging to a social security number) or to anyone who has obtained the person for whom the information is requested. To protect the privacy of living individuals, there are specific requirements for SS-5 requirements involving extreme age. SSA will not provide a copy of SS-5 or otherwise disclose information about any person under the age of 120 unless you can provide acceptable proof of death (e.g. death certificate, obituary, newspaper article or police report). SSA will also redact (blackout) parents' names on the SS-5 app if you can provide proof that the parents are dead or both have a date of birth more than 120 years ago. They also release the names of parents in cases where the holder of the SS-5 number is

over 100 years of age. This limitation is, unfortunately, a little more complicated when your purpose of applying for SS-5 is to learn the names of parents. The easiest way to request a copy of the SS-5 form for your edite is to apply online through the Social Security Administration. A printable version of this SS-5 request form is also available for mail requests. Alternatively, you may (1) send (1) the name of the person, (2) the social security number of the person (if known) and (3) either proof of death or a disclosure statement signed by the person for whom the information is requested to: Social Security AdministrationOEO FOIA Workgroup300 N. Greene StreetP.O. Box 33022Baltimore, Maryland 21290-3022 Mark the envelope and its contents: FREEDOM of Information Request or FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST. There is an application fee of \$24 for the submitted application and \$22 for online applications regardless of whether the Social Security number is known, and you must provide the person's full name, date and place of birth and the names of the parents. If you have a Social Security number from family records or a death certificate, but you are unable to find a person in the SSDI, then it is strongly recommended that you include proof of death in your application, as you will probably be returned otherwise with it. If an individual was born less than 120 years ago, you must also provide proof of death with your application. The usual waiting time for receiving a copy of the Social Security application form is six to eight weeks, so be prepared to be patient. Online apps are generally slightly faster — often with a response time of three to four weeks, although this may vary depending on demand. It is also important to note that the online application system does not work if you need to provide proof of death. Death.

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